

NETHERLANDS CONFESSION
Articles 1-5

- _____ 1. Author of the NETHERLANDS Confession.
- _____ 2. How the author of this confession died.
- _____ 3. The date in which the Neth. Confession was written.
- _____ 4. A statement of one's belief is called a
- _____ 5. List the three Reformed creeds to which we hold.
- _____ 6.
- _____ 7.
8. Give a list of the six subjects treated in the Netherlands Confession.
- _____ 9. The use of human features (as "hand", "eye") to describe the glory of God.
- _____ 10. Those attributes of God which can be reflected in man (general term).
- _____ 11. What two things do the wicked know of God apart from what Scripture teaches?
- _____ 12.
- _____ 13. The two ways in which God makes Himself known to us.
- _____ 14.
- _____ 15. Inspiration which is word-for-word the Word of God.
- _____ 16. The term which describes Scripture as being without error.
- _____ 17. The term which describes Scripture to be perfectly clear and easy to be understood.
- _____ 18. A proof-text for the inspiration of Scripture.
- _____ 19. That within a man which either accuses or excuses him in his actions.
- _____ 20. Which Bible book does not mention the name of God.
- _____ 21. Number of books in the Old Testament.
- _____ 22. The Greek translation of the Old Testament....
23. List the three reasons why only the 66 books of the Bible are considered holy and canonical.
24. List the three points of common grace.

Test: _____; Number taking test _____; Standing in test: _____; Absences _____; Tardy _____;

Parent's signature _____

October 17, 1988

NAME _____
NETHERLANDS CONFESSION
Articles 1-7

Fill in the blanks:

- _____ 1. The author of the Netherlands Confession.
- _____ 2. Date of the first printing of Netherlands Confession.
- _____ 3. How did the author of the Neth. Confession die?
- _____ 4. That which expresses what a church believes is called a _____.
- _____ 5. The word which expresses the thought that Scripture is "God-breathed".
- _____ 6. The word which expresses the thought that Scripture is without error.
- _____ 7. The word which means: "clear; easy to be understood".
- _____ 8. The word which means that Scripture describes God by using human body parts (God's "eyes"), etc.
- _____ 9. God's attributes which can be reflected in man are called _____.
- _____ 10. The attribute of God which means that He works all things in the best way to His greatest glory.
- _____ 11. The attribute of God which means: unchangeable.
- _____ 12. The attribute of God which means: without limits.
- _____ 13. The first Latin translation of the Bible is called....
- _____ 14. The first translation of the Old Testament into the Greek is called....
- _____ 15. The Synod which received all of the books of the Bible as we now have them (397).
- _____ 16. Three reasons why the church holds to the 66 books of the Bible as holy and canonical.
- _____ 17.
- _____ 18.
- _____ 19. The meaning of the word "canonical".
- _____ 20. Apocryphal means:
- _____ 21. The denomination which claims that it holds to the written Word and oral traditions.

List the three points of "Common Grace":

1. (two parts):

2.

3.

____ Test; ____ Number taking test; ____ Standing in test.

Absences: Tardies the past six weeks ____

*Excused; **Unexcused

Parent's signature _____

NAME _____

NETHERLANDS CONFESSION
Articles 1-7

- _____ 1. Author of the NETHERLANDS Confession.
- _____ 2. How the author of this confession died.
- _____ 3. The date in which the Neth. Confession was written.
- _____ 4. A statement of one's belief is called a
- _____ 5. List the three Reformed creeds to which we hold.
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8. Give a list of the six subjects treated in the Netherlands Confession.

- _____ 9. The use of human features (as "hand", "eye") to describe the glory of God.
- _____ 10. Those attributes of God which can be reflected in man (general term).
- _____ 11. What two things do the wicked know of God apart from what Scripture teaches?
- _____ 12.
- _____ 13. The two ways in which God makes Himself known to us.
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- _____ 16. The term which describes Scripture as being without error.
- _____ 17. The term which describes Scripture to be perfectly clear and easy to be understood.
- _____ 18. A proof-text for the inspiration of Scripture.
- _____ 19. That within a man which either accuses or excuses him in his actions.
- _____ 20. Which Bible book does not mention the name of God.
- _____ 21. Number of books in the Old Testament.
- _____ 22. The Greek translation of the Old Testament....
23. List the three reasons why only the 66 books of the Bible are considered holy and canonical.
24. List the three points of common grace.

Test:____; Number taking test____; Standing in test:____; Absences____; Tardy____;

Parent's signature _____

NAME _____
NETHERLANDS CONFESSION

Articles 1-9

- _____ 1. The author of the Netherlands Confession.
- _____ 2. How the author of the Neth. Confession died.
- _____ 3. The first article emphasizes which important truth.
- _____ 4. That attribute of God which expresses His transcendence above time.
- _____ 5. That attribute of God which emphasizes His changelessness.
- _____ 6. That attribute of God which determines the best possible way of accomplishing His purpose.
- _____ 7. The ethical perfection and perfect holiness of God.
- _____ 8. To say that the finite mind can comprehend God is to deny what attribute of God?
- _____ 9. Two ways in which God has revealed Himself to man:
_____ 10.
- _____ 11. Number of books in the Bible.
- _____ 12. That wrong view of inspiration which teaches that God used men merely as dictation machines.
- _____ 13. That teaching which says that the Bible is entirely inspired in every part.
- _____ 14. Inspiration which involves the truth that every individual word of the Bible is as the Spirit intended.
- _____ 15. A straight rod or bar; a means of keeping something straight.
- _____ 16. Three ways in which we can know that the Bible is truly God's Word.
_____ 17.
- _____ 18.
- _____ 19. The date and name of the Synod which finally determined all of the books of the New Testament.
- _____ 20. Name given ~~xxx~~ to those books which are not part of the Bible but sometimes added to the Bible (the "dark, hidden" books).
- _____ 21. That heathen view which says that there are many gods.
- _____ 22. The view which taught that there are three modes of one Person of God.
- _____ 23. A N.T. text which shows the truth of the trinity.
- _____ 24. Two other groups (besides Unitarians) who maintain one Person (not three) of God.
- _____ 25. What word or words in Genesis 1 indicates that there are more Persons than one in God.

Absent _____

Tardy _____

Test grade _____; (Standing x in the class--1st is highest)-----.

Parent's signature: _____

November 28, 1988

NAME _____
NETHERLANDS CONFESSION
Articles 8-15

Fill in the blanks:

- _____ 1. The author of the Netherlands Confession.
- _____ 2. The view which teaches that there are many gods.
- _____ 3. The Biblical text which proves that God is One.
- _____ 4. The Holy Spirit is called this in Scripture because He is
- _____ 5. What, in Gen. 1-3, indicates that God is more than one Person?
- _____ 6. The reason for a split between the Orthodox and Western branches of the Church in 1054.
- _____ 7. The text which proves that Jesus was born of the virgin Mary.
- _____ 8. The image of God in man includes:

_____ 9.
_____ 10.
- _____ 11. Those who speak of the "image of God" in man in its "wider" sense, include.....
- _____ 12. Theologians in the Christian Reformed Church teach that man is "totally" depraved, but not "....." depraved.
- _____ 13. The guilt that we receive from Adam is called....
- _____ 14. List two reasons why we believe that the creation days were of 24-hours each.
- _____ 15.
- _____ 16. That perfection of God according to which He is in and under all things--sustaining and upholding them.
- _____ 17. The truth that God is far above all that which He has created.
- _____ 18. The three parts of divine Providence.
- _____ 19.
- _____ 20.
- _____ 21. Those who teach that God created all things--and then withdrew from that creation.

List the three points of "Common Grace":

1. (two parts):
- 2.
- 3.

____ Test; _____ Standing in test (1st is highest)
Absences: _____ Tardies the past six weeks _____

Parent's signature _____

NAME _____
NETHERLANDS CONFESSION
Articles 8-17

Fill in the blanks:

- _____ 1. These deny that there is the Trinity.
- _____ 2. The view that teaches that everything is God.
- _____ 3. Those who teach that there are many gods.
- _____ 4. That "self-consciousness" within a being.
- _____ 5. Meaning of the name "Jesus".
- _____ 6. Who denied the existence of spirits and angels.
- _____ 7. Cause of the split in the church in 1054.
- _____ 8. Who "proceeds" within the Trinity?
- _____ 9. The unpardonable sin.
- _____ 10. Meaning of the name "Christ".
- _____ 11. That word which describes God as in and under all things.
- _____ 12. The length of each "creation-day".
- _____ 13. Three parts of the providence of God.
- _____ 14.
- _____ 15.
- _____ 16. Three parts of the image of God in man.
- _____ 17.
- _____ 18.
- _____ 19. That "covenant" which includes a "condition, promise, and penalty."
- _____ 20. The "covenant" as God established that with Adam before the fall is called by us the "covenant of"
- _____ 21. The first sin Adam committed is called: "..... sin".
- _____ 22. Those who teach that sin proceeds from imitation.
- _____ 23. The view of God's counsel which teaches that Christ and the elect are first in that which God determined to do.
- _____ 24. That God is "immutable" means that He is
- _____ 25. The term which describes man's inability to do any good at all.

Test grade _____; Standing in test _____; Absent _____ (last 6 classes); Tardy _____;

Parent's signature _____

NETHERLANDS CONFESSION

Articles 10-19

Answer completely:

1. Find in your Bibles and quote three texts which show that Jesus is truly God.

2. Give at least three reasons for believing that the creation days were 24 hours each.

3. List the three parts of providence.

4. Explain the idea of "total depravity" and what this has to do with the possibility of salvation.

5. Explain "election" and find at least two proofs from Scripture (use Bibles).

6. Why did Jesus need a human nature? Why a Divine nature?

Fill in blanks:

- Saducees 1. Those who deny the existence of spirits and angels.
- Manichees 2. Those who teach that the devils have their origin of themselves.
- Epicureans (Deists) 3. These who teach That God regards nothing but leaves all to chance.
- Pelagians 4. Those who assert that sin proceeds only from imitation.
- Supra-lap. 5. The view that God eternally first determined to save a people in Christ--then determined creation and the fall.
- Quabaptists 6. Those who denied that Christ assumed human flesh of His mother.
- incarnation 7. The name given to the union of Divine nature and human ~~xxxx~~ nature in Christ's conception and birth.
- Emmanuel 8. Christ's Name which means: "God with us".

Test grade ____; Standing in test (1st is highest) ____; Tardy ____; Absent past 6 weeks ____;

Absence for season ____; Parent's signature _____

NAME _____
NETHERLANDS CONFESSION
Articles 16-22

- _____ 1. The "heart" of Reformed doctrine.
- _____ 2. List the three parts of the "covenant of works".
- _____ 3.
- _____ 4.
- _____ 5. That view which teaches that God's eternal council has Christ as first, His people chosen in Christ, and all else serving this to God's glory.
- _____ 6. The text which teaches: "According as we are chosen in him from before the foundation of the world...."
- _____ 7. That great chapter of the Bible which teaches both election & reprobation
- _____ 8. The name given to the union of Divine nature and human nature in Christ's conception and birth.
- _____ 9. Those who denied that Christ assumed human flesh from His mother.
- _____ 10. Christ's Name which means: "God with us."
- _____ 11. That nature of Christ which was necessary to bear God's infinite wrath.
- _____ 12. That nature of Christ which was necessary in order that He might represent us.
- _____ 13. The atonement of Christ shows both God's (13) and (14) .
- _____ 14.
- _____ 15. Who deny that Christ's payment on the cross was sufficient for our sins?
- _____ 16. Atonement which is made on behalf of others.
- _____ 17. The Bible book which mentions Melchizedec as type of Christ.
- _____ 18. We call the atonement a ... atonement because it is made to pay for the sins of God's people only.
- _____ 19. Faith in its "seed-form" is called:
- _____ 20. Faith as it is manifested in our lives is called:
- _____ 21. Faith is not a work unto salvation but is a unto salvation.
- _____ 22. That "faith" which appears for a time--then is lost.
- _____ 23. The first point of Common Grace (two parts).
- _____ 24. Second point of Common Grace.
- _____ 25. Third point of Common Grace.

Test grade ___; Standing in test (1st is highest) ___; Tardy ___; Absent ___;

Absence for the season ___; Parent's signature _____

NAME _____
NETHERLANDS CONFESSION
Articles 18-24

- _____ 1. The view which teaches that God's eternal council has Christ as first, His people chosen in Christ, and all else serving this to God's glory.
- _____ 2. The name given to that union of Divine nature and human nature in Christ's conception and birth.
- _____ 3. Those who denied that Christ assumed human flesh from His mother.
- _____ 4. Christ's name which means: "God with us".
- _____ 5. That nature of Christ which was necessary to bear infinite wrath.
- _____ 6. That nature of Christ which was necessary in order that He might represent us.
- _____ 7. The atonement of Christ shows both God's (7) and (8).
- _____ 8.
- _____ 9. Who deny that Christ's payment on the cross was sufficient for our sins?
- _____ 10. Atonement which is made on behalf of others.
- _____ 11. The Bible book which mentions Melchizedec as type of Christ.
- _____ 12. We call the atonement, a atonement because it is made to pay for the sins of God's people only.
- _____ 13. Faith in its "seed-form" is called:
- _____ 14. Faith as it is seen in our believing; is called:
- _____ 15. Faith is not a work unto our salvation, but is a unto salvation.
- _____ 16. That faith which appears for a time--then is lost.
- _____ 17. The first part of Common Grace (two parts).
- _____ 18. Christ could bear our sins because He is appointed to be our
- _____ 19. God's work of planting Christ's life in the hearts of elect sinners.
- _____ 20. Two elements of faith as presented in the Heidelberg Catechism.
- _____ 21.
- _____ 22. Two parts of justification.
- _____ 23.
- _____ 24. That doctrine which means: "To make holy".
- _____ 25. Third point of Common Grace.

_____ Test; _____ Number taking test; _____ Standing in test; _____ Absent for last six weeks;

_____ Tardy;

Parent's signature _____

NAME _____
NETHERLANDS CONFESSION
Articles 20-26

- _____ 1. The Atonement of Christ must satisfy both God's (1) and (2).
- _____ 2.
- _____ 3. Christ could bear our sins because He is appointed to be our
- _____ 4. That view which teaches that in God's Counsel, Christ is first, and in Him, God chose His elect people.
- _____ 5. That word which points to full and complete payment for sin.
- _____ 6. Who, in the Old Testament, according to Heb. 7, was a type of Christ?
- _____ 7. That theory of "atonement" which teaches that Christ is merely a good example.
- _____ 8. The Arminian theory of atonement which teaches that Christ was taken from men and justly punished as an example.
- _____ 9. The Atonement made in behalf of others.
- _____ 10. The Atonement as offered for God's people only.
- _____ 11. That doctrine which treats of the application of salvation.
- _____ 12. God's work of planting Christ's life in the hearts of elect sinners.
- _____ 13. Two elements of faith.
- _____ 14.
- _____ 15. Declaration of God's law that we are guiltless before Him.
- _____ 16. Two parts of justification.
- _____ 17.
- _____ 18. That doctrine which means: "To make holy".
- _____ 19. Three requirements for a truly good work.
- _____ 20.
- _____ 21.
22. The "Queen of heaven and Co-Mediator" with Christ. _____
- _____ 23. The _____ law which governed the activities of the state of Israel.
- _____ 24. The O.T. laws regulating sacrifice and feasts of Israel.
25. On the reverse side, list the three points of "Common Grace".

Test grade _____; Standing in test (1st is highest)....; Tardy _____; Absent _____

Last test returned _____; Parent's signature _____

NAME _____
NETHERLANDS CONFESSION
Articles 23-29

- _____ 1. That legal concept according to which one is declared without sin before God.
- _____ 2. The two parts of justification.
- _____ 3.
- _____ 4. One who pleads the cause of another.
- _____ 5. Regeneration as it refers only to the planting of Christ's life by the Spirit in our hearts.
- _____ 6. Sanctification removes the of sin.
- _____ 7. The three requirements for a truly good work.
- _____ 8.
- _____ 9.
- _____ 10. List the four things that the ceremonial laws dealt with.
- _____ 11.
- _____ 12.
- _____ 13.
- _____ 14. The four attributes of the church.
- _____ 15.
- _____ 16.
- _____ 17.
- _____ 18. The church which has been brought to glory.
- _____ 19. The church as she must continue to fight on this earth.
- _____ 20. The church which must yet be born.
- _____ 23. The three marks of the true church.
- _____ 24.
- _____ 25.

Test____; Standing in class with test (1st is highest)____; Absence____; Tardy____

Returned last test____; Parent's signature_____

March 23, 1987

Name _____

NETHERLANDS CONFESSION

Articles 25-33

Fill in the blanks:

- _____ 1. What remains for us of the O.T. ceremonial and civil laws?
- _____ 2. Which of the laws given at Sinai remain for us to obey today?
- _____ 3. The feast commemorating Israel's sojourn in the wilderness.
- _____ 4. One who pleads for or intercedes for another.
- _____ 5. The church in glory is called....
- _____ 6. The church on earth is called....
- _____ 7. The word "catholic" means...
- _____ 8. The church as she follows the teachings of Christ's apostles.
- _____ 9. The three marks of the true church.
- _____ 10.
- _____ 11.
- _____ 12. The church yet to be born is called....
- _____ 13. Church government where the rule is from top.
- _____ 14. The purchase of church office is called....
- _____ 15. The church government which we use is called Reformed or
- _____ 16. Those who are the rulers over the congregation.
- _____ 17. List the four major parts of the Church Order.
- _____ 18.
- _____ 19.
- _____ 20.
- _____ 21. Number of articles in our church order.
- _____ 22. The three steps of church discipline by the consistory.
- _____ 23.
- _____ 24.
- _____ 25. The Bible chapter which tells how to treat private sins.

_____ Test; _____ No. taking test; _____ Standing in test;

_____ Absent last six weeks; _____ Tardy;

Parent's signature _____

NAME _____
NETHERLANDS CONFESSION
Articles 27-32

Fill in blanks:

- _____ 1. The three marks of the true church.
- _____ 2.
- _____ 3.
- _____ 4. Four attributes of the church
- _____ 5.
- _____ 6.
- _____ 7.
- _____ 8. The church as she must continue to fight on this earth.
- _____ 9. The church which has been brought to glory.
- _____ 10. The church with its officebearers, societies, catechism.
- _____ 11. The two marks of the false church
- _____ 12.
- _____ 13. The office of rule or authority in the church.
- _____ 14. The chapter in the Bible that tells how we treat "private" sins.
- _____ 15. The office of "mercy" in the church.
- _____ 16. The form of church government which we have.
- _____ 17. The form of church government of the Roman Catholic Church.
- _____ 18. That document which presents the 86 "rules" of our churches.
- _____ 19. How many "knees" did not bow to Baal in Ahab's day.
- _____ 20. What the false church does to those who live holily.
- _____ 21. List the three steps of discipline the consistory follows when it treats one who commits public sin.
- _____ 22.
- _____ 23.
- _____ 24. The broadest ruling body of the Reformed churches.
- _____ 25. The church body that has rule and control over the local congregation.

Test _____; (Standing in class with test _____); Absence _____; (Total for season _____)

Tardy _____; Returned last test _____ Parent's signature _____

~~SECRET~~
NETHERLANDS CONFESSION
Articles 27-34

Fill in blanks:

- _____ 1. The _____ of the true church.
- _____ 2.
- _____ 3.
- _____ 4. The church which must continue to fight on this earth.
- _____ 5. The church which has been brought to glory.
- _____ 6. The church with its officebearers, societies, catechism.
- _____ 7. The two marks of the false church.
- _____ 8.
- _____ 9. The office of rule or authority in the church.
- _____ 10. The chapter in the Bible that tells how we treat "private" sins.
- _____ 11. The office of "mercy" in the church.
- _____ 12. The denomination which holds to seven sacraments.
- _____ 13. Visible signs and seals of an inward and invisible thing.
- _____ 14. The main reason for baptizing infants.
- _____ 15. The Old Testament equivalent (equal to) Baptism.
- _____ 16. That view which teaches that Christ reigns 1000 years in Jerusalem.
- _____ 17. The view which we hold concerning the "1000 year" period of Rev. 20.
- _____ 18. That document which presents the 86 "rules" of our churches.
- _____ 19. How many "knees" did not bow to Baal in Ahab's day.
- _____ 20. What the false church does to those who live holily.
- _____ 21. List the three steps of discipline the consistory follows when it treats one who commits public sin.
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Test _____; Standing in class with test _____; Absence last 6 weeks _____; Tardy _____

Returned last test _____; Parent's signature _____